#### THE DIVINE MERCY CHAPLET

The Divine Mercy Novena commences on Good Friday and continues until the Feast of Mercy, the second Sunday of Easter. It is recited using ordinary Rosary Beads.

#### The First Day

#### Today bring to me all mankind, especially sinners.

Most merciful Jesus, whose very nature it is to have compassion on us and to forgive us, do not look upon our sins but upon our trust which we place in your infinite goodness. Receive us all into the abode of your Most Compassionate Heart, and never let us escape from it. We beg this of You by your love which unites you to the Father and the Holy Spirit. Eternal Father, turn your merciful gaze upon all mankind and especially upon poor sinners, all enfolded in the Most Compassionate Heart of Jesus. For the sake of His sorrowful Passion show us your mercy, that we may praise the omnipotence of your mercy forever and ever. Amen.

# Opening prayer

You expired, Jesus, but the source of life gushed forth for souls, and an ocean of mercy opened up for the whole world. O Fount of Life, unfathomable Divine Mercy, envelop the whole world and empty yourself out upon us. O Blood and Water, which gushed forth from the Heart of Jesus as a fount of mercy for us, I trust in You!  $(x\ 3)$ 

The Our Father, The Hail Mary and the Apostles Creed (on the 3 Hail Mary beads).

On the 'Our Father' beads:

Eternal Father, I offer You the Body and Blood, Soul and Divinity of Your dearly beloved Son, Our Lord Jesus Christ,

in atonement for our sins, and those of the whole world.

On the ten 'Hail Mary' beads:

For the sake of His sorrowful Passion,

have mercy on us and on the whole world.

*In conclusion:* 

Holy God, Holy Mighty One, Holy Immortal One,

have mercy on us and on the whole world (x 3)

Eternal God, in whom mercy is endless and the treasury of compassion inexhaustible, look kindly upon us and increase your mercy in us, that in difficult moments we might not despair nor become despondent, but with great confidence submit ourselves to your holy will, which is Love and Mercy itself.

# **Good Friday**

# Friday of the Passion of the Lord

Year A, B, C

On this and the following day, by a most ancient tradition, the Church does not celebrate the Sacraments at all, except for Penance and the Anointing of the Sick. The altar should be completely bare: without a cross, without candles and without cloths.

On the afternoon of this day, about three o'clock, there takes place the celebration of the Lord's Passion consisting of three parts, namely the Liturgy of the Word, the Adoration of the Cross, and Holy Communion.

The Priest, wearing red vestments as for Mass, goes to the altar in silence and, after making a reverence to the altar, prostrates himself or kneels and prays for a while. All others kneel.

Then the Priest goes to the chair where, facing the people, who are standing, he prays, with hands extended, one of the following prayers.

Remember your mercies, O Lord, and with your eternal protection sanctify your servants, for whom Christ your Son, by the shedding of his Blood, established the Paschal Mystery. Who lives and reigns for ever and ever. Amen.

O God, who by the Passion of Christ your Son, our Lord, abolished the death inherited from ancient sin by every succeeding generation, grant that just as, being conformed to him, we have borne by the law of nature the image of the man of earth, so by the sanctification of grace we may bear the image of the Man of heaven.

Through Christ our Lord.

Amen.

FIRST PART: THE LITURGY OF THE WORD

FIRST READING

A reading from the prophet Isaiah

52:13-53:12

See, my servant will prosper,

he shall be lifted up, exalted, rise to great heights.

As the crowds were appalled on seeing him – so disfigured did he look that he seemed no longer human – so will the crowds be astonished at him, and kings stand speechless before him; for they shall see something never told and witness something never heard before:

'Who could believe what we have heard, and to whom has the power of the Lord been revealed?'

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Like a sapling he grew up in front of us, like a root in arid ground. Without beauty, without majesty we saw him, no looks to attract our eyes; a thing despised and rejected by men, a man of sorrows and familiar with suffering, a man to make people screen their faces; he was despised and we took no account of him. And yet ours were the sufferings he bore, ours the sorrows he carried. But we, we thought of him as someone punished, struck by God, and brought low. Yet he was pierced through for our faults, crushed for our sins. On him lies a punishment that brings us peace, and through his wounds we are healed.

We had all gone astray like sheep, each taking his own way, and the Lord burdened him with the sins of all of us.
Harshly dealt with, he bore it humbly, he never opened his mouth, like a lamb that is led to the slaughter-house, like a sheep that is dumb before its shearers never opening its mouth.

By force and by law he was taken; would anyone plead his cause? Yes, he was torn away from the land of the living; for our faults struck down in death. They gave him a grave with the wicked, a tomb with the rich, though he had done no wrong and there had been no perjury in his mouth.

The Lord has been pleased to crush him with suffering. If he offers his life in atonement, he shall see his heirs, he shall have a long life and through him what the Lord wishes will be done.

After the distribution of Communion, the ciborium is taken to a place prepared outside the church.

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Priest: Almighty ever-living God,

who have restored us to life by the blessed Death and Resurrection of

your Christ,

preserve in us the work of your mercy, that, by partaking of this mystery,

we may have a life unceasingly devoted to you.

Through Christ our Lord.

People: Amen.

Priest: May abundant blessing, O Lord, we pray,

descend upon your people,

who have honoured the Death of your Son

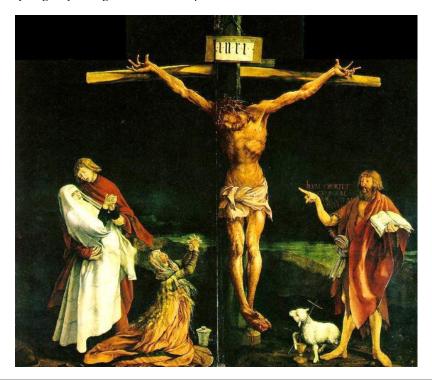
in the hope of their resurrection:

may pardon come, comfort be given, holy faith increase,

and everlasting redemption be made secure.

Through Christ our Lord. Amen.

And all, after genuflecting to the Cross, depart in silence.



SECOND PART: THE ADORATION OF THE HOLY CROSS Page 10

The Priest receives the Cross, and uncovers it while singing,

Priest: Behold the wood of the Cross,

on which hung the salvation of the world

People: Come, let us worship.

The faithful approach, showing reverence to the Cross by a simple genuflection or by some other sign, for example, by kissing the Cross.

A chant is sung during the Adoration of the Holy Cross:

Adoramus te Christe (We adore you O Christ)

(and we bless you) Benedicimus tibi

Quia per crucem tuam (because by your Holy Cross) Redemisti mundum (you have redeemed the world).

(because by your Holy Cross) Quia per crucem tuam

(you have redeemed the world). Redemisti mundum

#### THIRD PART: **HOLY COMMUNION**

A cloth is spread on the altar and a corporal and the Missal put in place. The Priest, putting on a humeral veil, brings the Blessed Sacrament back from the place of repose to the altar, while all stand in silence. Two ministers with lighted candles accompany the Blessed Sacrament and place their candlesticks around or upon the altar.

With the ciborium uncovered, the Priest goes to the altar and genuflects. The communion service continues from The Lord's Prayer onwards.

#### THANKSGIVING HYMN AFTER COMMUNION

Were you there, when they crucified my Lord? Were you there, when they crucified my Lord? O --- Sometimes it causes me to tremble, tremble, tremble.

Were you there, when they crucified my Lord?

Were you there, when they nailed him to the tree?

Were you there, when they nailed him to the tree?

O --- Sometimes it causes me to tremble, tremble, tremble.

Were you there, when they nailed him to the tree?

Were you there when they laid him in the tomb?

Were you there, when they nailed him in the tomb?

O --- Sometimes it causes me to tremble, tremble, tremble.

Were you there, when they nailed him in the tomb?

His soul's anguish over he shall see the light and be content. By his sufferings shall my servant justify many, taking their faults on himself.

Hence I will grant whole hordes for his tribute, he shall divide the spoil with the mighty, for surrendering himself to death and letting himself be taken for a sinner, while he was bearing the faults of many and praying all the time for sinners.

*The Word of the Lord.* 

Thanks be to God.

Responsorial Psalm Ps 30:2,6,12-13,15-17,25. R. Lk 23:46

### R. Father, I put my life in your hands.

In you, O Lord, I take refuge. Let me never be put to shame. In your justice, set me free, Into your hands I commend my spirit. It is you who will redeem me, Lord. R.

In the face of all my foes I am a reproach, an object of scorn to my neighbours and of fear to my friends. R.

Those who see me in the street run far away from me. I am like a dead man, forgotten, like a thing thrown away.

But as for me, I trust in you, Lord; I say: 'You are my God. My life is in your hands, deliver me from the hands of those who hate me. R.

Let your face shine on your servant. Save me in your love. Be strong, let your heart take courage, all who hope in the Lord. R.

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SECOND READING

A reading from the letter to the Hebrews

4:14-16; 5:7-9

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Since in Jesus, the Son of God, we have the supreme high priest who has gone through to the highest heaven, we must never let go of the faith that we have professed. For it is not as if we had a high priest who was incapable of feeling our weaknesses with us; but we have one who has been tempted in every way that we are, though he is without sin. Let us be confident, then, in approaching the throne of grace, that we shall have mercy from him and find grace when we are in need of help.

During his life on earth, he offered up prayer and entreaty, aloud and in silent tears, to the one who had the power to save him out of death, and he submitted so humbly that his prayer was heard. Although he was Son, he learnt to obey through suffering; but having been made perfect, he became for all who obey him the source of eternal salvation.

The Word of the Lord. Thanks be to God.

# **Gospel Acclamation**

#### Glory and praise to you, Lord Jesus Christ!

Christ became obedient for us even to death, dying on the cross.

Therefore God raised him on high and gave him a name above all other names.

Glory and praise to you, Lord Jesus Christ!

# Gospel

The passion of our Lord Jesus Christ according to John

18:1-19:42

N = Narrator J = Jesus

O = Other single speaker

C = Crowd

- N Jesus left with his disciples and crossed the Kedron valley. There was a garden there, and he went into it with his disciples. Judas the traitor knew the place well, since Jesus had often met his disciples there, and he brought the cohort to this place together with a detachment of guards sent by the chief priests and the Pharisees, all with lanterns and torches and weapons. Knowing everything that was going to happen to him, Jesus then came forward and said,
- J Who are you looking for?
- N They answered,
- C Jesus the Nazarene.
- N He said,
- I I am he.

N (cont.) they found that he was already dead, and so instead of breaking his legs one of the soldiers pierced his side with a lance; and immediately there came out blood and water. This is the evidence of one who saw it – trustworthy evidence, and he knows he speaks the truth – and he gives it so that you may believe as well. Because all this happened to fulfil the words of scripture:

Not one bone of his will be broken,

and again, in another place scripture says:

They will look on the one whom they have pierced.

After this, Joseph of Arimathea, who was a disciple of Jesus – though a secret one because he was afraid of the Jews – asked Pilate to let him remove the body of Jesus. Pilate gave permission, so they came and took it away. Nicodemus came as well – the same one who had first come to Jesus at night-time – and he brought a mixture of myrrh and aloes, weighing about a hundred pounds. They took the body of Jesus and wrapped it with the spices in linen cloths, following the Jewish burial custom. At the place where he had been crucified there was a garden, and in the garden a new tomb in which no one had yet been buried. Since it was the Jewish Day of Preparation and the tomb was near at hand, they laid Jesus there.

The Gospel of the Lord.

# Praise to you, Lord Jesus Christ!

After the reading of the Lord's Passion, the Priests gives a brief homily and, at its end, the faithful may be invited to spend a short time in prayer. The Liturgy of the Word concludes with the Solemn Intercessions.

#### THE SOLEMN INTERCESSIONS

A lay minister stands at the ambo and sings or says the invitation in which the intention is expressed.

At the end of each invitation, 'Let us kneel' is sung and we pray in silence.

The priest then prays the intercession, followed by 'Let us stand'.

- 1. For Holy Church
- 2. For the Pope
- 3. For all orders and degrees of the faithful
- 4. For catechumens
- 5. For the unity of Christians
- 6. For the Jewish people
- 7. For those who do not believe in Christ
- 8. For those who do not believe in God
- 9. For those in public office
- 10. For those in tribulation.

- In the end Pilate handed him over to them to be crucified.
  - Then they took charge of Jesus, and carrying his own cross he went out of the city to the place of the skull, or, as it was called in Hebrew, *Golgotha*, where they crucified him with two others, one on either side with Jesus in the middle. Pilate wrote out a notice and had it fixed to the cross; it ran, 'Jesus the Nazarene, King of the Jews.' This notice was read by many of the Jews, because the place where Jesus was crucified was not far from the city, and the writing was in Hebrew, Latin and Greek. So the Jewish chief priests said to Pilate,
- C You should not write 'King of the Jews', but 'This man said: I am King of the Jews'.
- N Pilate answered,
- O What I have written, I have written.
- N When the soldiers had finished crucifying Jesus they took his clothing and divided it into four shares, one for each soldier. His undergarment was seamless, woven in one piece from neck to hem; so they said to one another,
- C Instead of tearing it, let's throw dice to decide who is to have it.
- N In this way the words of scripture were fulfilled:

They shared out my clothing among them.

*They cast lots for my clothes.* 

This is exactly what the soldiers did.

Near the cross of Jesus stood his mother and his mother's sister, Mary the wife of Clopas, and Mary of Magdala. Seeing his mother and the disciple he loved standing near her, Jesus said to his mother,

- J Woman, this is your son.
- N Then to the disciple he said,
- J This is your mother.
- And from that moment the disciple made a place for her in his home.

  After this, Jesus knew that everything had now been completed, and to fulfil the scripture perfectly he said:
- J I am thirsty.
- N A jar full of vinegar stood there, so putting a sponge soaked in vinegar on a hyssop stick they held it up to his mouth. After Jesus has taken the vinegar he said,
- J It is accomplished;
- N and bowing his head he gave up the spirit.

# All kneel and pause a moment.

N It was Preparation Day, and to prevent the bodies remaining on the cross during the sabbath – since that sabbath was a day of special solemnity – the Jews asked Pilate to have the legs broken and the bodies taken away. Consequently the soldiers came and broke the legs of the first man who had been crucified with him and then of the other. When they came to Jesus,

- N Now Judas the traitor was standing among them. When Jesus said, 'I am he', they moved back and fell to the ground. He asked them a second time,
- Who are you looking for?
- N They said,

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- C Jesus the Nazarene.
- N Jesus replied,
- J I have told you that I am he. If I am the one you are looking for, let these others go.
- N This was to fulfil the words he had spoken: 'Not one of those you gave me have I lost.'
  - Simon Peter, who carried a sword, drew it and wounded the high priest's servant, cutting off his right ear. The servant's name was Malchus. Jesus said to Peter,
- J Put your sword back in its scabbard; am I not to drink the cup that the Father has given me?
- N The cohort and its captain and the Jewish guards seized Jesus and bound him. They took him first to Annas, because Annas was the father-in-law of Caiaphas, who was high priest that year. It was Caiaphas who had suggested to the Jews, 'It is better for one man to die for the people.' Simon Peter, with another disciple, followed Jesus. This disciple, who was known to the high priest, went with Jesus into the high priest's palace, but Peter stayed outside the door. So the other disciple, the one known to the high priest, went out, spoke to the woman who was keeping the door and brought Peter in. The maid on duty at the door said to Peter,
- O Aren't you another of that man's disciples?
- N He answered,
- O I am not.
- N Now it was cold, and the servants and guards had lit a charcoal fire and were standing there warming themselves; so Peter stood there too, warming himself with the others.
  - The high priest questioned Jesus about his disciples and his teaching. Jesus answered,
- I have spoken openly for all the world to hear; I have always taught in the synagogue and in the Temple where all the Jews meet together: I have said nothing in secret. But why ask me? Ask my hearers what I taught: they know what I said.
- N At these words, one of the guards standing by gave Jesus a slap in the face, saying,
- O Is that the way to answer the high priest?
- N Jesus replied,
- J If there is something wrong in what I said, point it out; but if there is no offence in it, why do you strike me?
- N Then Annas sent him, still bound, to Caiaphas, the high priest. As Simon Peter stood there warming himself, someone said to him,

O	Aren't you another of his disciples? Page 6		
N	He denied it saying,		
O	I am not.		
N	One of the high priest's servants, a relation of the man whose ear Peter had		
	cut off, said,		
0	Didn't I see you in the garden with him?		
N	Again Peter denied it, and at once a cock crew.		
	They then led Jesus from the house of Caiaphas to the Praetorium. It was		
	now morning. They did not go into the Praetorium themselves or they		
	would be defiled and unable to eat the Passover. So Pilate came outside to		
0	them and said,		
O	What charge do you bring against this man?		
N	They replied,		
C	If he were not a criminal, we should not be handing him over to you.		
N	Pilate said,		
O	Take him yourselves, and try him by your own Law.		
N	The Jews answered,		
C	We are not allowed to put a man to death.		
N	This was to fulfil the words Jesus had spoken indicating the way he was		
	going to die.		
0	So Pilate went back into the Praetorium and called Jesus to him, and asked,		
O	Are you the king of Jews?		
N	Jesus replied,		
J N	Do you ask this of your own accord, or have others spoken to you about me? Pilate answered,		
O	Am I a Jew? It is your own people and the chief priests who have handed		
O	you over to me: what have you done?		
N	Jesus replied,		
J	Mine is not a kingdom of this world; if my kingdom were of this world, my		
,	men would have fought to prevent me being surrendered to the Jews. But		
	my kingdom is not of this kind.		
N	Pilate said,		
O	So you are the king then?		
N	Jesus answered,		
J	It is you who say it. Yes, I am a king. I was born for this; I came into the		
	world for this; to bear witness to the truth, and all who are on the side of		
	truth listen to my voice.		
N	Pilate said,		
O	Truth? What is that?		
N	And with that he went out again to the Jews and said,		
O	I find no case against him. But according to a custom of yours I should		
	release one prisoner at the Passover; would you like me, then to release the		
	king of Jews?		
N	At this they shouted:		

C	Not this man, but Barabbas.	Page 7
N	Barabbas was a brigand.  Pilate then had Jesus taken away and scourged; and after th twisted some thorns into a crown and put it on his head, an in a purple robe. They kept coming up to him and saying,	
С	Hail, king of the Jews!	
N	and they slapped him in the face.	
- 1	Pilate came outside again and said to them,	
O	Look, I am going to bring him out to you to let you see that	I find no case.
N	Jesus then came out wearing the crown of thorns and the pu	
	Pilate said,	1
O	Here is the man.	
N	When they saw him the chief priests and the guards shouted	d,
C	Crucify him! Crucify him!	
N	Pilate said,	
O	Take him yourselves and crucify him: I can find no case aga	inst him.
N	The Jews replied,	
С	We have a Law, and according to the Law he ought to die, be claimed to be the son of God.	ecause he has
N	When Pilate heard them say this his fears increased. Re-ent	ering the
	Praetorium, he said to Jesus,	O
O	Where do you come from?	
N	But Jesus made no answer. Pilate then said to him,	
O	Are you refusing to speak to me? Surely you know I have p	ower to
	release you and I have power to crucify you?	
N	Jesus replied,	
J	You would have no power over me if it had not been given	•
	above; that is why the one who handed me over to you has	the greater
	guilt.	
N	From that moment Pilate was anxious to set him free, but the shouted,	ie Jews
С	If you set him free you are no friend of Caesar's; anyone wh himself king is defying Caesar.	o makes
N	Hearing these words, Pilate had Jesus brought out, and seat	ed himself on
	the chair of Judgement at a place called the Pavement, in He	
	Gabbatha. It was Passover Preparation Day, about the sixth	
	said to the Jews,	
O	Here is your king.	
N	They said,	
C	Take him away, take him away. Crucify him!	
N	Pilate said,	
O	Do you want me to crucify your king?	
N	The chief priests answered,	
C	We have no king except Caesar.	